


MULBERRY & CO

 Chartered Certified Accountants
 Registered Auditors
 & Chartered Tax Advisors

 9 Pound Lane
 Godalming
 Surrey, GU7 1BX

 t + 44(0)1483 423054
 e office@mulberryandco.co.uk
 w www.mulberryandco.co.uk

Our Ref: MARK/HAS002

 Mr I Cumberworth
 Hassocks Parish Council
 Parish Centre
 Adastra Park
 Hassocks
 West Sussex
 BN6 8QH

22 November 2021

Dear Ian

Re: Hassocks Parish Council
Internal Audit Year Ended 31 March 2022
Executive summary

Following completion of our interim internal audit on 22 November 2021 we enclose our report for your kind attention and presentation to the council. The audit was conducted in accordance with current practices and guidelines and testing was risk based. Whilst we have not tested all transactions, our samples have where appropriate covered the entire year to date. Testing requirements are shown in red and where appropriate **recommendations for future action are shown in bold text and summarised in the tables at the end of the report.**

Our report is presented in the same order as the assertions on the internal auditor report within the published AGAR. The start of each section details the nature of the assertion to be verified, followed by recommended minimum testing requirements. Each section is then concluded with an opinion as to whether the assertion has been met or not.

Our sample testing did not uncover any errors or misstatements that require reporting to the external auditor, nor did we identify any significant weaknesses in the internal controls such that public money would be put at risk.

It is clear the council takes governance, policies and procedures very seriously and I am pleased to report that overall, the systems and procedures you have in place are fit for purpose and whilst my report may contain recommendations to change these are not indicative of any significant failings, but rather are pointers to improving upon an already well-ordered system.

It is therefore our opinion that the systems and internal procedures at Hassocks Parish Council are well established and followed.

Regulation

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require smaller authorities, each financial year, to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and prepare an annual governance statement in accordance with proper practices in relation to accounts. In addition to this, a smaller authority is required by Regulation 5(1) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 to "undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance."

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance activity designed to improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes. The purpose of internal audit is to review and report to the authority on whether its systems of financial and other internal controls over its activities and operating procedures are effective.

Internal audit's function is to test and report to the authority on whether its specific system of internal control is adequate and working satisfactorily. The internal audit reports should therefore be made available to all members to support and inform them when they considering the authority's approval of the annual governance statement.

Independence and competence

Your audit was conducted by Andy Beams of Mulberry & Co. We confirm we are independent from the management of the financial controls and procedures of the council and neither the internal auditor or the firm have any conflicts of interest with the audit client, nor do they provide any management or financial assistance to the client.

Your auditor has over 30 years' experience in the financial sector with the last 11 years specialising in local government.

Engagement Letter

An engagement letter was issued to the council covering the 2021/22 internal audit assignment. Copies of this document are available on request.

Planning and inherent risk assessment

The scope and plan of works including fee structure was issued to the council under separate cover. Copies of this document are available on request. In summary, our work will address each of the internal control objectives as stated on the Annual Internal Audit Report of the AGAR.

- o There have been no instances of breaches of regulations in the past
- o The client uses an industry approved financial reporting package
- o The client regularly carries out reconciliations and documents these
- o There is regular reporting to council
- o The management team are experienced and informed
- o Records are neatly maintained and referenced
- o The client is aware of current regulations and practices
- o There has been no instance of high staff turnover

At the interim audit date, it is my opinion that the inherent risk of error or misstatement is low, and the controls of the council can be relied upon and as such substantive testing of individual transactions is not required. Testing to be carried out will be "walk through testing" on sample data to encompass the period of the council year under review. A final audit will be conducted after the year-end of 31 March 2022.

Table of contents

A	BOOKS OF ACCOUNT (INTERIM AUDIT)	3
B	FINANCIAL REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	3
C	RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	6
D	BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	6
E	INCOME (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	7
F	PETTY CASH (INTERIM AUDIT)	8
G	PAYROLL (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	8
H	ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	9
I	BANK AND CASH (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	10
J	YEAR END ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)	10
K	LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW (FINAL AUDIT)	11
L	TRANSPARENCY (INTERIM AUDIT)	11
M	EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS – INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)	11
N	PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS (INTERIM AUDIT)	12
O	TRUSTEESHIP (INTERIM AUDIT)	12

A. BOOKS OF ACCOUNT (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year.

- Recommended minimum testing:**
- Ensure the correct roll forward of the prior year cashbook balances to the new financial year
 - Check a sample of financial transactions in cashbooks to bank statements, etc.: the sample size dependent on the size of the authority and nature of accounting records maintained

Interim audit

The council continues to use the Rialtas Business Solutions (RBS) software accounting package for recording the day-to-day financial transactions of the council. This is a tried and tested industry specific package and I make no recommendation to change. The system is used regularly to record transactions and produce management information reports for council.

The interim audit was conducted remotely and the requested information for provided in advance for review. Other information was reviewed on the council website and through discussion with the council staff.

Meeting agendas are logically structured and minutes show clear resolutions being made by committee and council. I make no recommendation to change this system.

The council is not VAT registered and completes reclaims via a VAT 126 claim form on a quarterly basis. The last VAT reclaim was for the period 1 July to 30 September 2021 inclusive and showed a refund position of £2,262.09. The council is up to date with its postings.

Section conclusion
 I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year" has been met.

B. FINANCIAL REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

- Recommended minimum testing:**
- Review the procedures in place for acquisition of formal tenders and quotes, ensuring they are in line with the Standing Orders and Financial Regulations which should be based on the latest version.
 - Ensure that consistent values are in place for the acquisition of formal tenders between Standing Orders and Financial Regulations (frequently different limits are recorded in the two documents)
 - Review the procedures for receipt of invoices, agreement of invoice detail and confirmation of goods /services delivery and approval for payment: ideally, a suitably designed certification stamp should be in place providing for evidencing of these checks and payment authorisation
 - Check that there is effective segregation between the writing of cheques or the setting up of online payments, and physical release of payments
 - Check that VAT reclaims are prepared and submitted in a timely manner in line with the underlying records and in accordance with current HMRC requirements
 - Where debit / credit cards are in use, establish the total monthly and individual transaction limits and ensure appropriate controls over physical security and usage of the cards are in place

Interim audit

Check the publication and minuting of the prior year audited AGAR and notice of conclusion of audit.

The external auditor's report was reported to the Parish Council meeting held on 12 October 2021 (minute ref PC21/69.2) and has been published on the website along with the Notice of Conclusion of Audit form.

At the meeting held on 9 June 2021, the council received the internal auditor's report, and this is recorded in the minutes (minute ref PC21/44).

Confirm by sample testing that councillors sign statutory office forms

I confirmed by sample testing that councillors sign "Acceptance of Office" forms. The council website includes details of each councillor's Register of Members' Interests.

Confirm that the council is compliant with the relevant transparency code

A review of the council website shows that the council has established a transparency tab and publishes the required information in a clear way. I reviewed the information and confirmed it is up to date as determined by the Transparency Code.

Confirm that the council is compliant with GDPR

The council is fully aware of GDPR and has undergone training. It was noted the council has established common email addresses for all councillors. This is recommended because it gives a natural segregation between work and personal lives, making it clear beyond doubt in what capacity a councillor is acting. In addition to this it gives control to the council, adds a degree of professionalism and in the event of a FOI request limits access to personal computers.

The council has a Privacy Notice and Accessibility Statement on its website. It is clear the council takes its responsibilities seriously and has made every effort to comply with the legislation.

Confirm that the council meets regularly throughout the year

In addition to full council, the council has committees for Grounds & Environment, Planning, Policy, Resources & Communications and Neighbourhood Plan. There are regular scheduled meetings during the year, and a diary of future meetings until May 2022 is available on the website.

Check that agendas for meetings are published giving 3 clear days' notice.

The Clerk was able to demonstrate that at least 3 clear days' notice is given on agendas. Whilst we have not tested every single committee and council meeting there was no evidence of non-compliance in giving three clear days' notice of the meeting. It was noted that supporting documentation for agendas is also published on the council website.

Check the draft minutes of the last meeting(s) are on the council's website

Draft minutes are uploaded to the council website and clearly marked as draft. These are subsequently replaced with final versions once approved.

Confirm that the Parish Council's Standing Orders have been reviewed within the last 12 months.

The standing orders are based on a NALC model, although as reported in previous internal audit reports, this is not the most recent version and does not contain statutory requirements relating to Responsibilities under Data Protection and Responsibilities to Provide Information. The latest review of the Standing Orders took place in May 2020 (minute ref PC20/09/7), and I recommend a review takes place before the year-end against the current NALC model to ensure the council is meeting all its statutory responsibilities.

Confirm that the Parish Council has adopted and recently reviewed Financial Regulations.

Financial regulations are based on a NALC model and were last reviewed and adopted by council in May 2020 (minute ref PC20/09/7). As with the Standing Orders, these would benefit from being reviewed against the latest NALC model version to ensure they remain current. The regulations contain provisions for the approval of spending, setting of budgets, reconciliation of the bank and reporting to council.

Check that the council's Financial Regulations are being routinely followed.

The council has Financial Regulations in place to determine budgetary control (FR 3) as below:

3.1. The agreed revenue and capital budget will drive the Clerk's office's planned work programme and levels of cash flows required for solvency purposes for the next fiscal year. Major variations to agreed budgets will therefore be resisted by Council unless due regard and consideration is given to the resource implications that such variations would likely have on the Clerk's office.

3.2. Expenditure on the revenue account may be incurred up to the amounts included in the approved budget, subject to the requirements of Standing Orders.

3.3. Expenditure may not be incurred which cannot be met from the amount provided within the total net cost centre budget or when circumstances arise where there is likely to be budget overspend in total in the year, unless a request for a supplementary estimate has been submitted to and agreed by the Policy, Resources and Communications Committee.

3.4. Except as provided in Standing Orders, all proposals involving expenditure on the capital account shall be the subject of an annual report to the appropriate committee which shall include the full financial implications of the proposals.

3.5. The Policy, Resources and Communications Committee shall carry out a review of the expenditure and income of the Council at the same time as it undertakes its evaluation of the following year's budgetary requirements (refer to SO 56 above).

3.6. The Clerk may incur expenditure on behalf of the Council which is necessary to carry out any repair replacement or other work which is of extreme urgency that it must be done at once, whether or not there is any budgetary provision for the expenditure, subject to a limit of £2,500. The Clerk shall report such action to the Chairman of the relevant committee as soon as possible and to the Council as soon as practicable thereafter

From a review of council agendas and minutes there are regular financial items reviewed by council, including presentation of payment lists for authorisation, summaries of receipts and payments, and bank reconciliations.

A review of the nominal ledger shows that sufficient narrative detail is provided to identify transactions and there is no evidence of 'netting-off' of income against expenditure. The financial records appear to be accurately maintained.

Confirm all section 137 expenditure meets the guidelines and does not exceed the annual per elector limit of £8.41 per elector.
The council has expenditure within thresholds.

Confirm that checks of the accounts are made by a councillor.

The system noted above details internal review takes place and I am under no doubt that council properly approves expenditure.

Section conclusion

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control assertion "This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for" has been met.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)**Internal audit requirement**

This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that authorities have prepared, and formally adopted, at least once annually, an appropriate and comprehensive register of assessed risks, both regular and ad hoc
- Ensure that appropriate levels of insurance cover are in place for land, buildings, public, employers' and hirers' (where applicable) liability, fidelity / employees (including councillors) liability, business interruption and cyber security
- Ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place for monitoring play areas, open spaces and sports pitches: such reviews should be undertaken by appropriately qualified external inspectors or, if by officers or members, that they have received the appropriate training and accreditation

Interim audit

The council has a comprehensive risk assessment process in place, I reviewed the financial and management risk assessment during the interim audit. The document lists risks by topic, identifies the risks, categorises them as high, medium or low risk, details mitigation controls in place and outlines review and assessment strategies. The risk assessment and risk management processes were presented to council and approved at the meeting held on 9 June 2021 (minute ref PC21/46).

I confirmed that the council has a valid insurance policy in place with AXA which expires on 31 May 2022. The policy includes Public Liability and Employers Liability cover of £10 million each and an Employee Dishonesty (Fidelity Guarantee) level of £200,000. I have highlighted in previous internal audit reports that the Fidelity Guarantee level should be kept under review to ensure it is sufficient. This recommendation has not been acted upon and I note that now, that based on the balances held at the end of October, the council holds more than double the level insured for and this underinsurance represents a risk to the council.

Financial Regulation 11.1 states *'The Clerk will maintain adequate insurance cover and negotiate all claims'*

I recommend council considers increasing the Fidelity Guarantee cover to ensure adequate insurance cover is maintained in accordance with Financial Regulations.

Section conclusion

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of "This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these" has **not** been met due to the inadequate level of Fidelity Guarantee held by the council

D. BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)**Internal audit requirement**

The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that the full authority, not a committee, has considered, approved and adopted the annual precept in accordance with the required parent authority timetable
- Ensure that budget reports are prepared and submitted to authority / committees periodically during the year with appropriate commentary on any significant variances
- Review the budget performance either during the year or at the financial year-end seeking explanations for any significant or unanticipated variances
- Ensure that the authority has considered the establishment of specific earmarked reserves and, ideally, reviews them annually as part of the budget assessment process
- Ensure that the precept in the accounts matches the submission form to the relevant authority and the public record of precepted amounts

Interim audit

The Clerk confirmed that the budget setting process for 2022/23 is underway, with a draft proposal being considered by the Policy, Resources & Communications committee next week before going to council in December 2021.

At the start of the year, the council held circa £220,000 in general reserve, and at the time of the interim audit circa £127,000 is held in earmarked reserves. These are split across a number of project lines, all of which appear to be legitimate reasons for holding earmarked reserves.

Council is reminded that general guidance recommends a level of general reserve be maintained at circa six months equivalent of precept, and the current level is therefore higher than might be expected based on the council’s precept of £295,545.

Section conclusion
 At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of “The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate” has been met.

E. INCOME (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

- Recommended minimum testing:**
- Review “aged debtor” listings to ensure appropriate follow up action is in place
 - Allotments: ensure that appropriate signed tenancy agreements exist, that an appropriate register of tenants is maintained identifying, that debtors are monitored.
 - Burials: ensure that a formal burial register is maintained that it is up-to-date and that a sample of interments and memorials are appropriately evidenced, that fees have been charged at the correct approved rate and been recovered within a reasonable time: (Authorities should also acquire and retain copies of Burial / Cremation certificates)
 - Hall hire: ensure that an effective diary system for bookings is in place identifying the hirer, hire times and ideally cross-referenced to invoices raised
 - Leases: ensure that leases are reviewed in a timely manner in accordance with the terms of the lease and rents similarly reviewed appropriately at the due time
 - Other variable income streams: ensure that appropriate control procedures and documentation are in existence to provide a clear audit trail through to invoicing and recovery of all such income
 - Where amounts are receivable on set dates during the year, ensure that an appropriate control record is maintained duly identifying the date(s) on which income is due and actually received / banked

Interim audit

Apart from the precept, the council receives income from allotments, burial fees, Adastra Park, parking discs, bank interest, VAT refunds and CIL/s.106 funds. A review of the income entries on the nominal ledger shows that sufficient narrative detail is provided to clearly identify the source of funds, and amounts are posted to the correct nominal code.

The fees charged by the council have been reviewed in the last year, with Ad Astra Park and the Burial Ground agreed by the Grounds & Environment Committee meeting held on 11 March 2021 (minute refs GE20/71.1 and GE/72.1 respectively) and the allotments by the same committee on 8 September 2021 (minute ref GE21/07.1).

Section conclusion
 At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of “Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for” has been met.

F. PETTY CASH (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.

Recommended minimum testing:

- A number of authorities are now running down and closing their petty cash accounts and using debit / credit cards for ad hoc purchases. Consequently, a "not applicable" response is frequently required in this area.
- Review the systems in place for controlling any petty cash and cash floats (used for bar, catering, etc.)
- Check a sample of transactions during the financial year to ensure appropriate supporting documentation is held
- Review the existence of evidenced periodic independent verification of the petty cash and any other cash floats held
- Ensure that VAT is identified wherever incurred and appropriate
- Physically check the petty cash and other cash floats held
- Where bar or catering facilities are in place, ensure that appropriate cashing-up procedures are in place reconciling the physical cash takings to the till "Z" total readings

Interim audit

The council maintains a £100 petty cash float, which is managed through the RBS accounting software. A review of the items recorded on the nominal ledger show minimal use for incidental items. As the interim review was conducted remotely, I was unable to physically reconcile the petty cash balance, but I am content based on previous audit visits that petty cash is properly managed.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion the control objective of "Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved, and VAT appropriately accounted for" has been met.

G. PAYROLL (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that, for all staff, a formal employment contract is in place together with a confirmatory letter setting out any changes to the contract
- Ensure that appropriate procedures are in place for the payment of members allowances and deduction of any tax liability
- Ensure that, for a sample of staff salaries, gross pay due is calculated in accordance with the approved spinal point on the NJC scale or hourly rate, if off-scale, and with the contracted hours
- Ensure that appropriate tax codes are being applied to each employee
- Where free or paid for software is used, ensure that it is up to date.
- For the test sample of employees, ensure that tax is calculated appropriately
- Check the correct treatment of pension contributions to either the Local Government pension scheme (non - taxable, deducted from the gross salary or DC schemes like NEST which already allow for tax deductions)
- For NI, ensure that the correct deduction and employer's contributions are applied: NB. The employers' allowance is not available to councils but may be used by other authorities
- Ensure that the correct employers' pension percentage contribution is being applied
- Ensure that for the test sample, the correct net pay is paid to the employee with tax, NI and pension contributions correctly paid to the respective agencies

Interim audit

The council uses an external company to provide payroll services. The external provider completes all the PAYE and NI calculations and provides the information to the council to make the salary and HMRC payments.

I reviewed the payroll summaries and payslips for September and October and was able to confirm that deduction amounts appear accurate.

Section conclusion
 At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that salaries are correctly stated on the AGAR and that the control object of "Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied" has been met.

H. ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.

Recommended minimum testing:

Tangible fixed assets

- Ensure that the authority is maintaining a formal asset register and updating it routinely to record new assets at historic cost price, net of VAT and removing any disposed of / no longer serviceable assets
- Physically verifying the existence and condition of high value, high risk assets may be appropriate
- Ideally, the register should identify for each asset the purchase cost and, if practicable, the replacement / insured cost, the latter being updated annually and used to assist in forward planning for asset replacement
- Additions and disposals records should allow tracking from the prior year to the current
- Ensure that the asset value to be reported in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 9 equates to the prior year reported value, adjusted for the nominal value of any new acquisitions and /or disposals
- Compare the asset register with the insurance schedule to ensure that all assets as recorded are appropriately insured or "self-insured" by the authority

Fixed asset investments

- Ensure that all long-term investments (i.e., those for more than 12-month terms) are covered by the "Investment Strategy" and reported as Assets in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 9.

Borrowing and lending

- Ensure that the authority has sought and obtained appropriate DMO approval for all loans acquired
- Ensured that the authority has accounted for the loan appropriately (i.e., recorded the full value of the loan. Any arrangement fee should be regarded as an admin expense) in the year of receipt
- Ensure that the combined principal loan repayment and interest for the year is correctly recorded in the AGAR at Section 2 Box 5
- Ensure that the outstanding loan liability as of 31st March each year is correctly recorded in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 10 (value should be verified via the DMO website)
- Where the authority has issued loans to local bodies, they should ideally seek signed indemnities from the recipient body, or their members, agreeing to underwrite the loan debt

Interim audit

The council has a fixed asset register which is maintained in an Excel format. The register provides a description of the asset, its date of acquisition, location, original cost, condition, insurance value and details of any disposals. The register includes a useful summary page, as well as the detailed information, and is comprehensive for a council of this size. Listed assets appear consistent with details recorded on the insurance schedule.

Section conclusion

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of "Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained" has been met.

I. BANK AND CASH (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that bank reconciliations are prepared routinely, are subject to independent scrutiny and sign-off by members
- Verify the accuracy of the year-end bank reconciliation detail and ensure accurate disclosure of the combined cash and bank balances in the AGAR, Section 2, Box 8
- Where the authority has bank balances in excess of £100,000 it has an appropriate investment strategy

Interim audit

Bank reconciliations are completed monthly and presented to council meetings for review. I reviewed the reconciliations and associated bank statements for July, August and September and was able to confirm the balances and found no errors in the reconciliation.

I note that the council holds all its funds with Barclays Bank and is therefore exceeding the protection threshold offered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS). While opening a new bank account can be difficult, I **encourage the council to consider the benefits of maximising the protection available from the FSCS.**

Section conclusion

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that bank and cash balances are properly shown on the AGAR and that the control objective of "Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out" has been met.

J. YEAR END ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that, where annual turnover exceeds £200,000, appropriate records are maintained throughout the year on an Income and Expenditure basis to facilitate budget reporting in that vein
- Ensure that appropriate accounting arrangements are in place to account for debtors and creditors during the year and at the financial year-end

Section conclusion

To be reviewed at the year-end audit.

K. LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW (FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2019/20, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt. (If the authority had a limited assurance review of its 2019/20 AGAR tick "not covered")

Recommended minimum testing:

- The correct exemption certificate was prepared and minuted in accordance with the statutory submission deadline
- That it has been published, together with all required information on the Authority's website and noticeboard

Section conclusion
To be reviewed at the year-end audit.

L: TRANSPARENCY (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

If the authority has an annual turnover not exceeding £25,000, it publishes information on a website / webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities

Recommended minimum testing:

- This test applies only to those councils covered by the £25,000 External Audit exemption
- Internal auditors should review the authority's website ensuring that all required documentation is published in accordance with the Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities

Interim audit

The council has an annual turnover exceeding £25,000, and this test does not apply.

Section conclusion
I am of the opinion that the control assertion of *"If the authority has an annual turnover not exceeding £25,000, it publishes information on a website/ webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency code for smaller authorities"* is not applicable due to the council turnover exceeding £25,000.

M: EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS - INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

The authority has demonstrated that during summer 2021 it correctly provided for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Internal auditors should acquire / examine a copy of the required "Public Notice" ensuring that it clearly identifies the statutory 30 working day period when the authority's records are available for public inspection.
- Internal auditors may also check whether councils have minuted the relevant dates at the same time as approving the AGAR

Section conclusion
To be reviewed at the year-end audit.

N: PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2020/21. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Internal auditors should acquire / examine a copy of the required “Public Notice” ensuring that it clearly identifies the statutory 30 working day period when the authority’s records are available for public inspection.
- Internal auditors may also check whether councils have minuted the relevant dates at the same time as approving the AGAR

Before 1 July 2021 authorities must publish:

- Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and a declaration that the accounting statements are as yet unaudited
- Section 1 - Annual Governance Statement 2020/21, approved and signed, page 4
- Section 2 - Accounting Statements 2020/21, approved and signed, page 5

Not later than 30 September 2021 authorities must publish:

- Notice of conclusion of audit
- Section 3 - External Auditor Report and Certificate
- Sections 1 and 2 of AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.

It is recommended as best practice, to avoid any potential confusion by local electors and interested parties, that you also publish the Annual Internal Audit Report, page 3.

Interim audit

I was able to confirm that the publication requirements for 2020/21 have been met and the Notice of Public Rights is published on the council website.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of “the authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2019/20 AGAR. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage” has been met.

O. TRUSTEESHIP (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Confirm that all charities of which the council is a Trustee are up to date with Charity Commission filing requirements
- that the council is the sole trustee on the Charity Commission register
- that the council is acting in accordance with the Trust deed
- that the charity meetings and accounts are recorded separately from those of the council
- review the level and activity of the charity and where a risk-based approach suggests such, review the Independent Examiner’s report

Interim audit

The council is the trustee of Talbot Field (charity number 1070848). A review of the Charity Commission website shows that the council is correctly recorded as the trustee and all reporting is up to date.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of “Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee” has been met.

Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely

Andy Beams

For Mulberry & Co

Interim Audit - Points Forward

Audit Point	Audit Findings	Council comments
FINANCIAL REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS	I recommend a review takes place before the year-end against the current NALC model to ensure the council is meeting all its statutory responsibilities.	
RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE	I recommend council considers increasing the Fidelity Guarantee cover to ensure adequate insurance cover is maintained in accordance with Financial Regulations.	

